Springdale First School

Imagine, Believe, Achieve

Year 1 – Vocal health and stage craft How does singing bring us together?



Children's prior learning in this area	Cultural Capital Opportunities	Key vocabulary and glossary
Expressive Arts - Reception	Performance – Carols around the Christmas tree.	Anchor:
 Names of common percussion instruments – tambourine, triangle, bells, maracas, castanets Lyrics to a growing number of songs Sing the melodic shape of familiar songs 	Children to perform to their parents. Discuss what makes a good performance (awareness of audience)	body, voice, singer,
Keep a steady pulse	Live and inspired concert – Randolph Matthews –	stretch,
Year One Prior learning	November	warm up,
 Understand that a lullaby is sung quietly. 	Music Www.randolphmatthews.co.uk	pulse
• Follow the melody sung by the teacher.		Goldilocks: pitch,
 Show an awareness of singing in a group, standing still when needed to and copying the actions when needed. 		dynamics, loud
 Join in warm up games. 		soft Step on:
Learn rhymes, poems and songs.		kodaly hand signs,
		call and response

Enquiry Question: How do singers get ready for singing?	Enquiry Question: How do singers pitch their voices?	Enquiry Question: How do singers stay in time when singing?
Concept: Performance, singing – technique, posture and control	Concept: Performance, singing – vocal health	Concept: Performance, singing – song types and
		control
Students will learn that, when preparing to sing, it's important to adopt the right stance and to feel comfortable, warmed up and ready to go.	Students will learn that a voice can be pitched. They will learn that the voice is a muscle that has to be warmed up.	Students will learn that a song has a pulse, just like in a piece of music.
Watch Gareth Malone video prior to lesson Get Singing with Gareth	Watch before lesson for staff CPD – Singstart lesson 1 with	Watch Gareth Malone video prior to the lesson Get
Malone: Voice and pitch warm up for EYFS and KS1 - BBC Teach	Cathy Murray (link can be found in Soundstorm CPD	Singing with Gareth Malone: Teach a song for EYFS and
Explain that in this unit, we will be becoming a vocal ensemble (a choir).	resources).	KS1 - BBC Teach
We are going to focus on preparing to sing today, feeling comfortable	Body warm up as in lesson 1.	
and warmed up, ready to go.		Body warm up as in lesson 1.
 Loosen up the whole body by getting into a clear space and 	Vocal warm up:	Vocal warm up as in lesson 2.
 shaking your feet, hands, arms and legs to get rid of any tensions in the body. Stretch up high (0:40 of video) Roll your shoulders backwards and forwards, and make a figure of 8 with your hips, keeping the rest of your body as still as possible Play the 8 game (0:50 of video) – count to 8 while shaking their right arm, then 8 shakes of the left arm, then 8 shakes of the right foot and 8 shakes of the left foot. Repeat this game but each time, counting 1 less, so 7 shakes then 6, then 5 until you finally have one shake on each hand and foot before shouting HEY! Warm up faces (1:04 of video). Make face shapes in the shapes of vowel sounds and over emphasis the mouth shapes to warm up the face (ai, ee, igh, oa, oo) and then other phonetic sounds (ar, er, oi). Relax your jaw by starting with a yawn, then try squeezing your face up as tightly as possible and then releasing into a wide, open expression Finally, finish off by relaxing your lips and exhaling for about 15 	 Vocal warm up as in lesson 2. Using 'Old Mr Woodpecker' again, now have the children sing the whole song several times, and introduce simple movements. Watch 6:20. The first musical concept that we want to develop is that of pulse. Therefore the chosen movement has to be made in time with the pulse. Walk while clapping the pulse of the song. Walk while singing the song in the initial pitch, "Ready now, off we go". First sing the whole song to the children asking them to set mwith attention. Then say a phrase (not sing) and have them say the words the rhythm of the song. Then sing a phrase and ask the children to copy you watch 4:06 if support needed for this). Do not join in as the children sing it back. Listen carefully and monitor how they respond. Repeat phrases as necessary. 	
 seconds, expelling all the air in your lungs as a lip trill. REPEAT THIS SAME WARM UP EVERY LESSON. 	By this stage, Year 1 will be practising songs for their	
- ILI LAT THIS SAME WARNE OF EVENT LESSON.	christmas performance. Please focus on pitching notes	
By this stage, Year 1 will be practising songs for their christmas	correctly. Listen to the children singing. If they are not	
performance. Please focus on listening to their Christmas songs today	pitching the note correctly, pause and play musical games	
and learning the rhythm of the words.	as above with the pitches of the song.	

Enquiry Question: How do we make songs sound exciting?	
Concept: Performance, singing - dynamics	
Students will learn that the voice can create different will knowledge	dynamics.
Watch Get Singing with Gareth Malone: Leading and conducting	singers for EYFS and KS1 - BBC Teach before the lesson.
Body warm up as in lesson 1.	
Vocal warm up as in lesson 2.	
Watch on charanga: 07. Fun with silly voices video.	
Play warm up game – Have you got your	
Sing 'Have you got yourvoice'.	
Teacher: Have you got your (silly/loud/soft/whisper/silent/robot/	king) voice?
Children: Yes I have, Yes I have	
Repeat for different voices.	

Now sing 'Old Mr Woodpecker' again with the 'leading a choir' tips in mind as above – breathing in to bring in everyone together, standing straight, eye contact, confidence. Now sing Old Mr Woodpecker in different voices like in the warm up above.

Focus now on loud and quiet. What does loud sound like? Is it shouting? Model the difference between loud singing and shouting. Shouting comes from just the throat but loud singing comes from the whole body, like a sound travelling up from your tummy out. Explain that we don't shout when singing.

Discuss how we know when to be loud or soft – the conductor! A conductor leads an ensemble/choir and shows them how to perform. Sing Old Mr Woodpecker now but explain they are going to sing it on repeat, following your actions each time. Big wide open arms and open body for loud, tucked down, hands right by chest for soft. By this stage, Year 1 will be practising songs for their christmas performance. Please focus on loyd and soft (dynamics) today. Decide together, which part of the song needs a soft voice? Colour code this to show them on the lyrics. Does any part need a big loud voice? Colour code in a different colour. Song choices:

Small vocal range (2 to 5 notes). Unison Simple lyrics. Demonstate an awareness of loud and soft.