Springdale First School P.E Progression Map





Progression Map - Dance

Early Years

The main Early Years Outcomes covered in the Dance units are:

- Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping. (PD – M&H 30-50)
- Experiments with different ways of moving. (PD – M&H 40-60)
- Children show good control and coordination in large and small movements.
 They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (PD – M&H ELG)
- Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games. (EAD – M & M 30-50)

NC KS1

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

Pupils should be taught to:

- master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities;
- perform dances using simple movement patterns.

NC KS2

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

Pupils should be taught to:

- develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics];
- perform dances using a range of movement patterns;
- compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Year 3

 develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics];

- Beginning to move rhythmically. (EAD – M & M 30-50)
- Imitates movement in response to music. (EAD – M & M 30-50)
- Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances. (EAD – M & M 40-60)
- Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them. (EAD – M & M ELG)
- Developing preferences for forms of expression. (EAD – BI 30-50)
- Uses movement to express feelings. (EAD BI 30-50)
- Creates movement in response to music. (EAD – BI 30-50)
- Captures experiences and responses with a range of media, such as dance. (EAD – BI 30-50)
- Initiates new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences. (EAD – BI 40-60)
- Children represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through dance. (EAD – BI ELG)

- perform dances using a range of movement patterns;
- compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Year 4

| EYFS Year 1 | | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Vocabulary | | | | | | | | | |
| Change Perform Control Rolling Cool down Safe Copy Small movem Equipment Space Explore Spinning Join Timing Jump Travel Large movements Turning Move Warm up Music Watch | Canon Choreography Compose Coordination Copy Describe Direction Evaluate Formation Gesture Levels Mirroring | Music Performance Repeat Rhythm Rolling Routine Slide Speeds Unison | Beats Compose Express Extension Pathways Pattern Spring Tension Transition | Aesthetic Dynamic Flow Gesture Improvise Mimic Motif Patterns Robotic Rotation | Audience Bouncy Character Expression Formation Narrative Precision matching Spatial awareness Stimuli | | | | |

| Dance skills | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Join a range of different movements together. Change the speed of their actions. Change the style of their movements. Create a short movement phrase which demonstrates their own ideas. | Copy and repeat actions. Put a sequence of actions together to create a motif. Vary the speed of their actions. Use simple choreographic devices such as unison, canon and mirroring. Begin to improvise independently to create a simple dance. | Copy, remember and repeat actions. Create a short motif inspired by a stimulus. Change the speed and level of their actions. Use simple choreographic devices such as unison, canon and mirroring Use different transitions within a dance motif. Move in time to music. Improve the timing of their actions. | Begin to improvise with a partner to create a simple dance. Create motifs from different stimuli. Begin to compare and adapt movements and motifs to create a larger sequence. Use simple dance vocabulary to compare and improve work. Perform with some awareness of rhythm and expression. | Identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen dance style. Compose a dance that reflects the chosen dance style. Confidently improvise with a partner or on their own. Compose longer dance sequences in a small group. Demonstrate precision and some control in response to stimuli. Begin to vary dynamics and develop actions and motifs in response to stimuli. Demonstrate rhythm and spatial awareness. Change parts of a dance as a result of self-evaluation. Use simple dance vocabulary when comparing and improving work. | | | |

| Compete / perform | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Control my body when performing a sequence of movements. | Perform using a range of actions and body parts with some coordination. Begin to perform learnt skills with some control. | Perform sequences of their own composition with coordination. Perform learnt skills with increasing control. Compete against self and others. | Develop the quality of the actions in their performances. Perform learnt skills and techniques with control and confidence. Compete against self and others in a controlled manner. | Perform and create sequences with fluency and expression. Perform and apply skills and techniques with control and accuracy. | | |
| Evaluate | | | | | | |
| Talk about what they have done. Talk about what others have done. | Watch and describe performances. Begin to say how they could improve. | Watch and describe performances, and use what they see to improve their own performance. Talk about the differences between their work and that of others. | Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of a performance. Describe how their performance has improved over time. | Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for improvements. Modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result. | | |